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ing 49 at both the anterior cradle section or side 14 and the posterior cradle section or side 16. The receded cradle surfacing 49 defines a member-receiving or board-receiving volume 50 central to the framing cradle surfacing 48 for receiving space-filling boards or members as at 51. The space-filling boards or members 51 may thus be received in the board-receiving volumes 50 and comprise outer board surfacing as at 52, which surfacing 52 is preferably flush with the framing cradle surfacing 48 when the boards or members 51 are received in the volumes 50. Further, the surfacing 52 may preferably comprise select coloration for enhancing the appearance of the cradle construction 12 and the combination 10.

The cradle construction 12 may further preferably comprise a series of device-cooperative apertures as variously reference in broken lines at 53, which device-cooperative apertures 53 may well cooperate with certain functional features of said electronic device 11 when received by the cradle construction 12. In this regard, it is noted that electronic devices very often incorporate camera lenses or speaker sections, for example.

The device-cooperative apertures 53 may thus be provided to cooperate with the function features for letting audio, visual and/or tactile information or signals to pass there-through. The broken line depictions are presented for the purpose of illustrating the type of apertures here being discussed and are not meant to structurally limit the apertures to any particular structural formation made part of the combination 10.

The cradle construction 12 may further preferably comprise certain device-retention means cooperably associated with the anterior cradle section is side 14. The device-retention means basically function to prevent inadvertent removal of the electronic device 11 from the cradle construction 12 when received thereby. The device-retention means may be preferably defined or exemplified by an inferiorly extending superior retention tab 54 and laterally opposed superiorly extending inferior retention tabs 55. The superior retention tab 54 is preferably spaced equidistant intermediate the laterally opposed cradle sections 20, and the inferior retention tabs 55 are preferably, equally and respectively spaced from the laterally opposed cradle sections 20.

While the above descriptions contain much specificity, this specificity should not be construed as limitations on the scope of the invention, but rather as an exemplification of the invention. The basic invention may be said to essentially teach or disclose a cradle-cassette combination or apparatus for encasing and selectively displaying an electronic device. The cradle-cassette combination or apparatus according to the present invention preferably comprises a cradle construction, a cassette construction, and certain hinge-axis enabling means cooperatively associated therewith for enabling rotation of the cradle construction relative the cassette construction when extended therefrom.

The cradle construction is preferably sized and shaped to removably receive or cradle an electronic device, and comprises an anterior cradle section or side, a posterior cradle section or side, a superior cradle section or end, an inferior cradle section or end, and laterally opposed lateral cradle sections or sides. The cassette construction is preferably sized and shaped to translatably or displaceably receive the cradle construction, and comprises an anterior cassette section or side, a posterior cassette section or side, a superior cassette section or end, an inferior cassette section or end, and laterally opposed lateral cassette sections or sides.

The hinge-axis enabling means are preferably cooperatively associated with the lateral cradle and cassette sections

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at the superior cradle and cassette sections. The cradle construction is displaceable or translatable relative to the cassette construction for placing said cradle-cassette combination in either a cradle-closed configuration or a cradle-exposed configuration. The cradle construction is rotatable via the hinge axis-enabling means when the superior cradle and cassette sections are juxta-positioned.

The cradle construction is thereby positionable intermediate a cradle-extended position and the cradle-exposed configuration or position. The anterior cradle section and posterior cassette section face in the same direction when in the cradle-exposed configuration or position; and the anterior cradle section and anterior cassette section face in opposing directions when in the cradle-closed configuration or position.

The hinge-axis enabling means preferably comprise or are exemplified by (a) coaxially aligned posts extending laterally from the lateral cradle sections at the superior cradle section and (b) (anterior) grooves formed in the lateral cassette sections. The anterior grooves being separated from certain posterior grooves via primary groove-defining flanges formed in the lateral cassette sections. The posts are translatable and rotatable within the anterior grooves to effect the hinge-axis enabling means.

The cradle construction may further preferably comprises laterally opposed cradle flanges at the anterior cradle section and the lateral cassette sections each comprise a secondary groove-defining flange. The secondary groove-defining flanges comprise anterior flange surfacing, which anterior flange surfacing is preferably outfitted with certain spacer means for spacing the cradle flanges in anterior adjacency to the secondary groove-defining flanges when in the cradle-closed position.

Noting that the cradle flanges are translatably received within the posterior grooves when in the cradle-closed position, the lateral cassette sections each comprise a tertiary guide flange, which tertiary guide flanges extend medially for guiding the cradle flanges when displacing or translating within the posterior grooves in anterior adjacency to said spacer means.

The posterior cassette section may further preferably comprise certain framing cassette surfacing and certain receded cassette surfacing, while the anterior and posterior cradle sections may further preferably comprise certain similar framing cradle surfacing and certain similar receded cradle surfacing. The receded cassette and cradle surfacing define certain board-receiving or member-receiving volumes central to the framing cassette and cradle surfacing for receiving (color-enhanced) space-filling boards or members for providing the combination or apparatus with certain color-enhancements.

Stated another way, the cradle-cassette combination or apparatus according to the present invention is basically designed to encase and selectively display an electronic device. To achieve these primary objectives, the cradle construction is sized and shaped to removably receive an electronic device, and the cassette construction is sized and shaped to translatably receive the cradle construction.

Hinge-axis enabling means are cooperatively associated with the cradle and cassette constructions sections both (a) for rendering the cradle construction displaceable relative to the cassette construction and (b) for placing said cradle-cassette combination into either (i) a cradle-closed configuration or (ii) a cradle-exposed configuration. In this regard, the cradle construction is selectively rotatable via the hinge axis-enabling means, and thereby positionable intermediate said configurations.